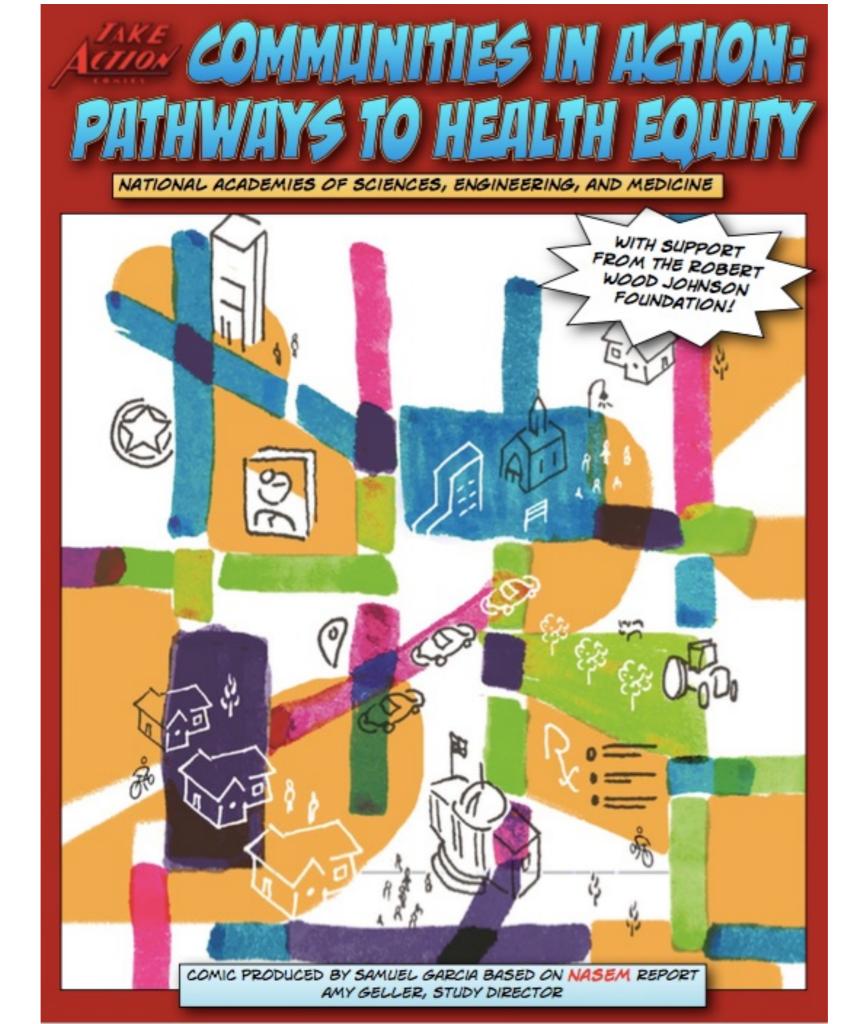
# Communities in Action: Pathways to Health Equity National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine

New Partners for Smart Growth and Equitable Development

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- REVIEWS THE STATE OF HEALTH DISPARITIES IN THE UNITED STATES AND THEIR ROOT CAUSES...

- ID'S COMMUNITY-BASED SOLUTIONS TO ADDRESS THEM ....

- ID'S MAJOR ELEMENTS OF EFFECTIVE SOLUTIONS...

- RECOMMENDS KEY RESEARCH NEEDS TO REDUCE HEALTH DISPARITIES AND PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY-



A. HEALTH EQUITY IS CRUCIAL FOR THE WELLBEING AND VIBRANCY OF COMMUNITIES.

B. HEALTH IS A PRODUCT OF MULTIPLE DETERMINANTS.

C. HEALTH INEQUALITIES ARE IN LARGE PART A RESULT OF POVERTY, STRUCTURAL RACISM, AND DISCRIMINATION.

D. COMMUNITIES HAVE AGENCY TO PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY.

E. SUPPORTIVE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE POLICIES AND PROGRAMS FACILITATE COMMUNITY ACTION.

F. THE COLLABORATION AND ENGAGEMENT OF NEW AND DIVERSE PARTNERS IS ESSENTIAL TO PROMOTING HEALTH EQUITY.

G. TOOLS AND KNOWLEDGE EXIST TO TRANSLATE KNOWLEDGE INTO ACTION AND TO PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY ....

H. RECOMMENDATIONS PROMOTE A CULTURE OF HEALTH.





COMMITTEE ON COMMUNITY-BASED SOLUTIONS TO PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY IN THE U.S.

# HEALTH EQUITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS...



WE ACT RALLIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL + CLIMATE JUSTICE USING CIVIL RIGHTS TOOLS.

FOUNDATIONS AND OTHER FUNDERS SHOULD SUPPORT COMMUNITY INTERVENTIONS TO PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY BY SUPPORTING EDUCATION, COMPLIANCE, AND ENFORCEMENT RELATED TO CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS- CIVIL RIGHTS APPROACHES HAVE HELPED MITIGATE NEGATIVE IMPACTS OF DISCRIMINATION, PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY, AND GUARD AGAINST UNJUSTIFIED DISCRIMINATORY IMPACTS THAT AFFECT HEALTH.

- DESCRIBE THE PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY. - ANALYZE THE BURDENS AND BENEFITS FOR ALL PEOPLE.

- ANALYZE ALTERNATIVES.

- INCLUDE STAKEHOLDERS, INCLUDING PEOPLE OF COLOR AND LOW-INCOME PEOPLE IN THE DECISION MAKING PROCESS.

- IMPLEMENT A PLAN TO PROMOTE EQUITY, ADDRESS DISPARITIES, AND AVOID DISCRIMINATION.





# The National Academies of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE

#### COMMITTEE ON COMMUNITY-BASED SOLUTIONS TO PROMOTE HEALTH EQUITY IN THE UNITED STATES...

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LEARN MORE AT NAM.EDU/CULTUREOFHEALTH







# Presidential Memorandum Promoting Diversity and Inclusion in Our National Parks, National Forests, and Other Public Lands and Waters (Jan. 2017)

In brief:

Increase diversity and inclusion in the workforce Expand training on diversity, inclusion, and unconscious bias Ensure that state, local, and private recipients of public funding improve visitation, access, and recreation for diverse populations Develop an action plan within one year Transportation and interpretation EKIAP



We heard from the community. Too many children in L.A. County, especially children of color, don't have access to parks where they can run free, breathe fresh air, experience nature, and learn about their environment.

This is an issue of social justice.

Because it's not enough to have this awesome natural wonder within your sight—you have to be able to access it.

President Barack Obama San Gabriel Mountains National Monument Dedication October 2014

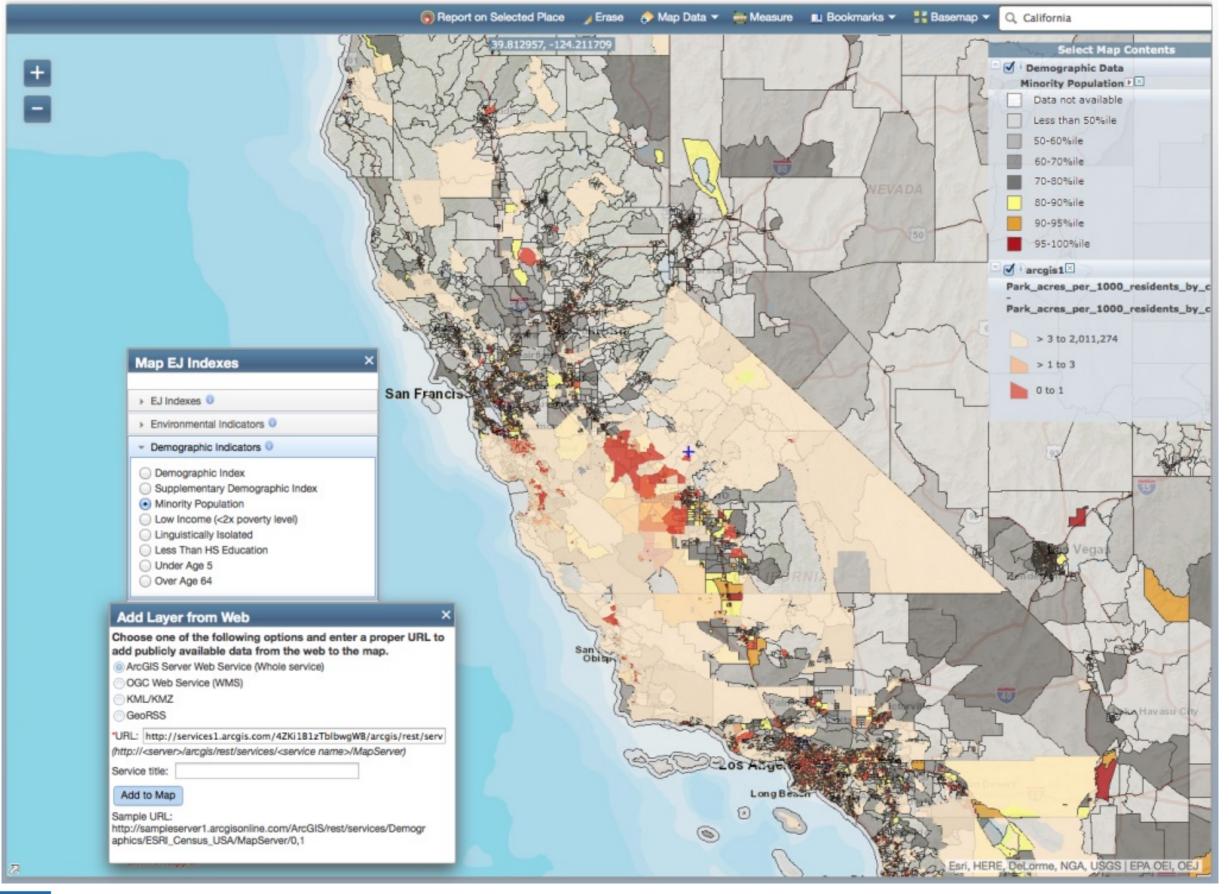


My commitment to conservation . . . is about working with communities to open up our glorious heritage to everybody — young and old, black, white, Latino, Asian, Native American — to make sure everybody can experience these incredible gifts.

President Barack Obama San Gabriel Mountains National Monument Dedication October 2014



#### EJSCREEN







A significant portion of the LA River falls within the "Epicenter of Cancer Risk" in terms of air toxics.

Source: Fildden Hezerds: A Cell to Action for Heelflyr, Liveble Communities, Los Angeles Colleborative for Environmental Heelffi and Justica, Libarty Hill Foundation, 2010

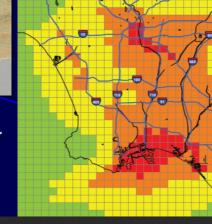


Figure 1. Los Angeles' Epicenter of Cancer Risk

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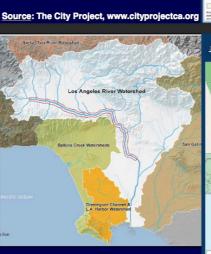
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Park Poor, Income Poor, and People of Color Los Angeles County



The LA River flows through many low-income communities of color that lack access to parks.



The LA River flows through many communities with high incidences of childhood obesity.







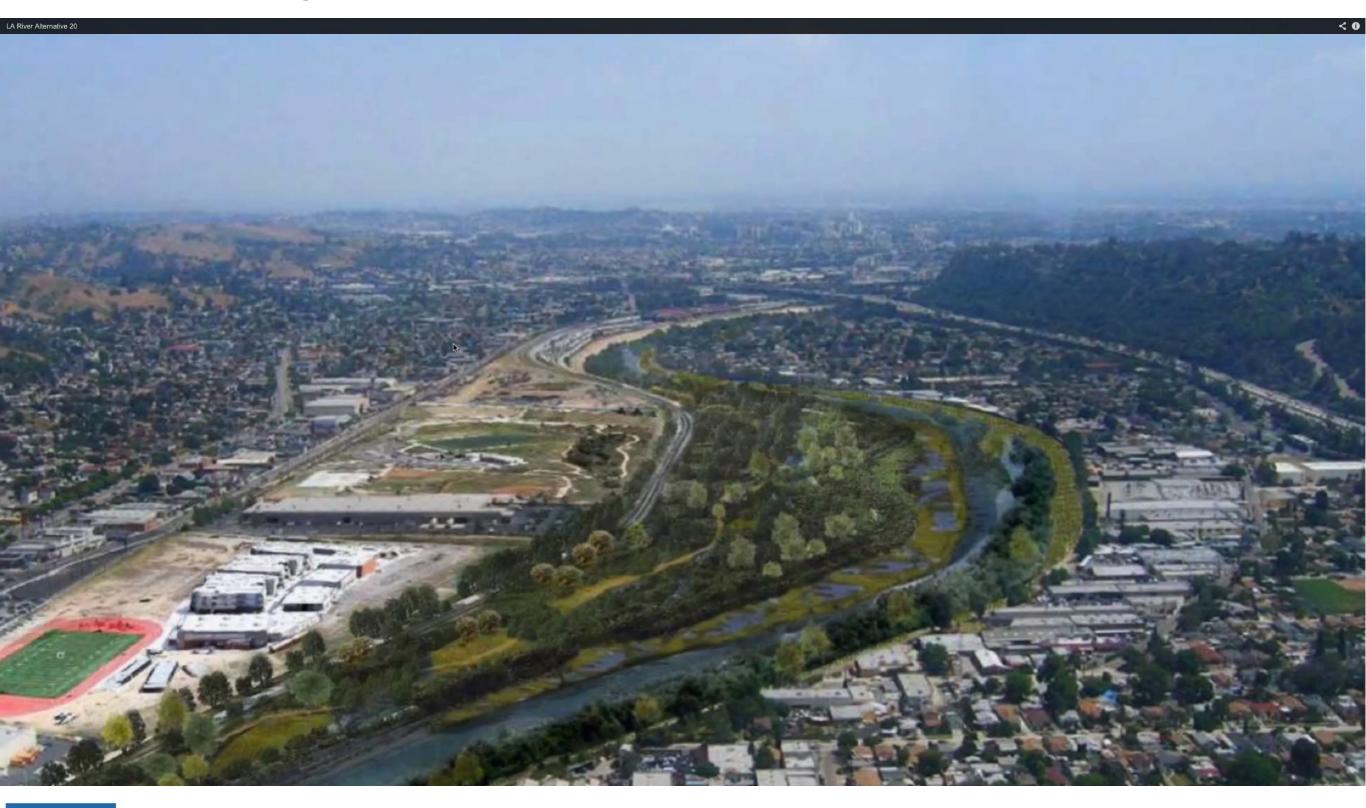


Park Access and Child Obesity by State Assembly District Los Angeles Cou

SD Assently District Number Acres of Parks Per 1,000 Residents 0 todar 1 5 - 20 1 - 3 0 todar 20 3 - 5 Percent of Overweight or Obese Children 23%-30% 255-255 225-425



#### L.A. River US Army Corps of Engineers Best Practice Revitalizing the L.A. River





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### **USACE L.A.** River final plan \$1.4 billion

1. There are not enough parks, especially for people of color and low income people.

2. This contributes to health disparities based on race, color, national origin, and income.

3. Civil rights and environmental justice requires agencies to alleviate these disparities.

President's Executive Order 12898 Title VI Civil Rights Act 1964



### Agree:

President Barack Obama Presidential Memorandum President Obama SGMF Dedication National Academy of Medicine Communities in Action Report NPS plan Santa Monica Mountains ROTV NPS plan San Gabriel Mountains National Monument **USACE L.A. River Plan** HUD L.A. State Historic Park **US** Commission on Civil Rights CA Government Code 11135 Title VI Civil Rights Act 1964 President's Executive Order 12898



- 1. Describe what you plan to do in terms that are understandable to communities.
- 2. Analyze the benefits and burdens on all people.

This can include numerical **disparities**, statistical evidence, anecdotal evidence, empirical studies and surveys, demographic data, GIS mapping, and financial analysis. Who benefits, and who's left behind?

**Data** needs to be collected and made publicly available for independent analyses. **Standards** need to be defined to measure progress, allow for midcourse corrections, and hold officials accountable.

The range of **values** to be analyzed includes, for example, physical, mental, and social health; economic vitality, jobs, and displacement; climate and conservation; culture, history, art, and spiritual values; and equal justice and democratic participation.

- 3. Analyze alternatives to what is being considered.
- 4. Include people of color, low-income people, and other stakeholders at every step.
- 5. Develop an implementation plan to distribute benefits and burdens fairly, and avoid discrimination unnecessary discriminatory impacts, implicit bias, and intentional discrimination.







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Planning, data, standards, progress, corrections, accountability

#### CA Prop 84 and AB 31 need not greed

88% of funds invested in **park poor**, **income poor** communities that are disproportionately **of color** 

### AB 31 worked

Vague standards like "local parks and urban greening" don't work: 69% invested in disproportionately white, wealthy, park rich areas.

That's backwards



"Simple justice requires that public funds, to which all taxpayers of all races contribute, not be spent in any fashion which encourages, entrenches, subsidizes, or results in racial discrimination."

President John F. Kennedy, message to Congress on Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964



"We do not have to be lawyers to understand, 'Do unto others as you would have them do unto you'"

Senator Hubert Humphrey, Senate Debate on Civil Rights Act of 1964



*Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs v. Inclusive Communities Project,* **SCOTUS**, 2015

Discriminatory impact standard regardless of intent is necessary to overcome legacy of residential segregation

Move the nation toward equal opportunity for all

Counteract unconscious prejudice, disguised animus, and implicit bias that escape easy classification as intentional discrimination



Fisher v University of Texas, SCOTUS, 2016

Data analysis race, color, and national origin

Ensure public benefits and burdens promote racial justice, human dignity, and diversity

The value of diversity:

Ending stereotypes Promoting cross-racial understanding Preparing for increasingly diverse workforce and society Cultivating leaders with legitimacy in the eyes of the public



Socioeconomic status not good enough



STRENGTHEN, DON'T ROLL BACK, CIVIL RIGHTS ...





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